Morning Lesson

QUALIFICATIONS OF ELDERS 1 Tim. 3:1-7; Titus 1:6-9

INTRO:

- 1. "A group is but the lengthened shadow of its leaders."

 Acts 14:23; Tit. 1:5
- 2. The pattern of church organization is outlined in the New Testament. Phil. 1:1; Eph. 1:22, 23; 1 Pet. 5:1-4, Matt. 28:19, 20
- 3. There is only one work of oversight in the church to be occupied by men in a congregation.
 - A. Names applied to this work. Eph 4:11; John 21:16; Acts 20:28
 - B. These names describe the same work. Acts 20:17, 28; Tit. 1:5-7; 1 Pet. 5:1, 2
 - C. There is to be a plurality. Acts 14:23; 20:17; Phil. 1:1; 1 Thess. 5:12; Tit. 1:5; Heb. 13:7, 17; 1 Pet. 5:1
 - D. The authority is in the decisions of the elders as they act jointly. Acts 15:4, 6, 22; 16:4

I. 1 TIMOTHY 3:1-7.

- A. Desire -- To stretch oneself out to touch or grasp something, to reach after something.
- B. Blameless Not open to censure, irreproachable.
- C. The husband of one wife one-woman man.
- D. Temperate -- sober, vigilant, abstaining from wine.
- E. Sober-minded Prudent, thoughtful, self-controlled.
- F. Of good behavior Well arranged, respectable, honorable.
- G. Hospitable. Heb. 13:2
- H. Able to teach. 2 Tim. 2:24
- I. Not given to wine.
- J. Not violent -- No one who is prone to: "Prove his doctrine orthodox by apostolic blows and knocks."
- K. Not greedy for money.
- L. Gentle Equitable, fair, patient, yielding, kind. 1 Pet. 2:18
- M. Not quarrelsome.
- N. Not covetous. Heb. 13:5
- O. One who rules his own house well. Eph. 5:22-24
- P. Having his children in submission with all reverence. Gen. 21:7; Luke 14:26; 1 Tim. 5:4
- Q. Not a novice; not a new convert. Heb. 5:12-14
- R. Have a good reputation among non-Christians.